

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Full-Range Rainbow™ Molecular Weight Markers, 250 μl

Catalogue Number

RPN800E

Other means of identificationNot aProduct typeLiqui

Not available. Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Use in laboratories

Industrial applications: Analytical reagent. Research.

Supplier

Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313

Cytiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MA 01752 1-800-526-3593

In case of emergency	ChemTrec US (available 24/7) 1-800-424-9300		
Section 2. Hazards iden	tification		
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 35.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 35.5% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 32.5%		
GHS label elements			
Signal word	Warning		
Hazard statements	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.		
Precautionary statements			
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		
Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.		
Storage	Not applicable.		
Disposal	Not applicable.		
le Number : 6761	0165 Page: 1		



Page: 1/8 Validation date 18 December 2020 Hazards not otherwise

classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

None known.

Substance/mixture Other means of identification	Mixture Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not applicable.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
sodium dodecyl sulphate		3	151-21-3
mesna		1.5	19767-45-4
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, hydrate (1:2:2)		1	6381-92-6
Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.			

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check
	for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,
	if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by
	trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth
	resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious,
	place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen
	tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products
	in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical
	surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue
	to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes
	thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in
	a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is
	conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting
	may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If
	vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical
	attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an
	unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention
	immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms	/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health ef	fects

Potential acute health enects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information (Se	ection 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for contain	inment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water- soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	v
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits sodium dodecyl sulphate mesna Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N hydrate (1:2:2)	- - -(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, -
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Brownish-red.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	[Product does not sustain combustion.]
Burning time	Not applicable.
Burning rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	Not available.
water	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	Not available.

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Full-Range Rainbow™ Molecular Weight Markers, 250 µl

Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.
Aerosol product	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical stability	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

<u>Acute toxicity</u> Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sodium dodecyl sulphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1288 mg/kg	-
mesna	LD50 Oral	Rat	4440 mg/kg	-
Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis	LD50 Oral	Rat	2000 mg/kg	-
[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt hydrate (1:2:2)	•3			
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Carcinogenicity Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity				
Not available.				
Teratogenicity				
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (si	ingle exposure)			
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (re	epeated exposure)			
Not available.	<u> </u>			
Aspiration bazard				
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Derm	al, Inhalation.		
or exposure				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products m	ay cause a health	hazard. Serious effect	ts may be delayed
Skin contact	following exposure. Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.			
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics				
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following the following the second seco	owing:		
	pain or irritation	0		
	watering redness			
Inhalation	No specific data.			
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the foll	owing:		
	irritation	-		
	redness			

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Full-Range Rainbow [™] Molecular \ Ingestion	No specific data.					RPN800
Delayed and immediate effects a	•	om short and lo	ong term	exposure		
Short term exposure			•	-		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available. Not available.					
Potential chronic health effects Not available.						
General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Fertility effects	No known significant effec	cts or critical haz	zards.			
Numerical measures of toxicity						
Acute toxicity estimates		.	_ .			
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mo l)
Full-Range Rainbow Molecular Weight Markers, 250 ul sodium dodecyl sulphate mesna Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, hydrate (1:2:2)		31619.9 1288 4440 2000	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Section 12. Ecological in	formation					
Toxicity						
Product/ingredient name sodium dodecyl sulphate	Result Acute EC50 1200 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 900 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 590 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.25 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 3.2 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC >1357 µg/l Fresh water		Species Algae - Skeletonema costatum Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Adult Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate Fish - Cirrhinus mrigala - Larvae Algae - Ulva fasciata - Zoea Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Pimephales promelas			Exposure 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 21 days 42 days
Persistence and degradability Product/ingredient name sodium dodecyl sulphate	Aquatic half-life -		olysis ; 28 day(s	5)	Biodegradabil Readily	ity
Bioaccumulative potential Product/ingredient name sodium dodecyl sulphate	LogP ow -2.03	BCF			Potential low	
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	Not available.					
Other adverse effects	No known significant effec	cts or critical haz	zards.			
Section 13. Disposal cor	siderations					
Disposal methods	The generation of waste s product, solutions and any environmental protection a requirements. Dispose of	y by-products sh and waste dispo	ould at al	I times comply with ation and any regio	the requirement anal local authorit	ts of ty

contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

Product is not regulated as dangerous goods for transport.

Section 15. Regulatory information						
U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined					
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants Not listed						
(HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	Substances	Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances		Not listed				
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)		Not listed				
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)		Not listed				
<u>SARA 302/304</u>						
Composition/information on ingredients						
No products were found.						
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>						
Classification	SKIN IRRITATION - Cate EYE IRRITATION - Cate					
Composition/information on ing	gredients					
Name	%	Classification				
sodium dodecyl sulphate	≤5	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A				
mesna Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N- (carboxymethyl)-, sodium salt, hydrate (1:2:2)	<3 - ≤3	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4				
State regulations						
Massachusetts	The following components are listed: GLYCERINE MIST					
New York	None of the components	are listed.				
New Jersey	The following components are listed: GLYCERIN; 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL					
Pennsylvania	The following component	s are listed: 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL				
International regulations						
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals						
Not listed.						
Montreal Protocol						
Not listed.						
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants						
Not listed.						
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)						
Not listed.						
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals						
Not listed.						
Inventory list						
United States	Not determined.					
Europe	All components are listed or exempted.					
Canada inventory	Not determined.					



Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2ACalculation method Calculation methodHistoryDate of printing12/18/2020Date of previous issue12/18/2020Date of previous issue12/6/2019Version7Key to abbreviationsATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United NationsReferencesNot available.	Classif	ication Justification			
Date of printing 12/18/2020 Date of issue/Date of revision 12/18/2020 Date of previous issue 12/6/2019 Version 7 sds_author@cytiva.com Key to abbreviations ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations	8,				
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	References	Not available.			

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

